

## 5. Gün Hasılıtı

- offer = suggest
- overpopulation = bitişik yazılır
- According to the lecture, hunger in a certain country can be explained not by \_\_\_\_\_ in that country, but by \_\_\_\_\_ which caused these conditions.

It is **quite useless** to simply describe **the existing conditions** in a country today to explain the problem. The answer to the question **does not lie in any existing condition** in underdeveloped countries. **Rather**, we should examine the **historical process** that led to such conditions.

- People assume that ... = we may think that
- they lack X and Y = they are deficient in X and Y.
- countries have one characteristic in common = countries shared one feature
- objective = purpose
- The choice of the cash crop to be grown in each colony **depended on** its \_\_\_\_\_ **rather than** its \_\_\_\_\_. And this **resulted in** \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

Naturally, the **basis of** their choice **was not** how well these cash crops would feed the native people **but** their **market value**. In other words, the notion of **food value was replaced by** the notion of **market value** in the international market. Such a sudden shift in agricultural production had devastating effects on the local population, **leading to hunger and social unrest**.

- What was their purpose in imposing taxes? = they put taxes on everything. This proved to be a successful strategy to force them to grow cash crops.
- invade = istila etmek, işfal etmek, invasion = istila, işgal
- **To make local workers work in plantations**, colonials **created some methods** to make the local farmers \_\_\_\_\_.

**To meet the demand for labor in plantations**, colonial administrations **devised a variety of tactics**, all aimed at making the peasant farmers **dependent on plantation wages**.

- Without much land of their own = local population did not have adequate land.
- They could not swim or sleep = they could neither swim nor sleep
- Which policy created the worst results? = Of all the policies implemented by colonists, one was particularly damaging and had the most significant historical consequences. It was **keeping the price of imported food low**.
- public opinion = opinion of the public
- the basic aim of X = the main purpose of X
- bad reputation = kötü ün
- dishonest = dürüst olmayan
- deceive = kandırmak
- believe = inanmak, belief = inanç, believes = inançlar (Büş: Hocam ama believe okudunuz :)
- expertise = uzmanlık
- speakers don't have money = none of these speakers have money
- criticize = eleştirmek (yazılışını doğru bilin, iki C)
- SIMILAR to, Different from olaylarını not alın Careful Listening'te.
- To what does an individual connect an idea? = He links an idea to a negative symbol.
- emotion = feeling
- **both of the devices aim to distract us from details = either device is intended to distract us from details**
- patriotism = vatanperverlik, vatanseverlik
- cross = haç
- People who use X want us to accept their ideas and \_\_\_\_\_ other possibilities. (cevap fiil olacak, burada AND iki fiili birleştiriyor)
- most = majority
- approve of state violence = back the state's violence
- brutal = vahşi, gaddar, brutality = isim hali
- cause = account for, responsible for
- death = lost lives
- accept = assume
- different from = unlike
- ordinary = common
- common cause = typically arises from = triggered by
- stop believing = have lost faith in
- possibility = likelihood
- form = kind
- a small scale = limited in size
- lack = do not have
- coup = kuu diye okunur = darbe
- radical change = fundamental difference / transformation
- it will make them aware of X = they will see X
- gain support from government = gain the backing of government

- considerable research = oldukça fazla araştırma, kapsamlı araştırma
- mystery = gizem
- backward = geride kalan (backward country) zitti = developed, advanced
- glue = yapışkan
- tie X together = X'ı birbirine bağlamak
- unlike = rather than
- dependent on = rely on
- ship goods = export / import = transport their goods
- they faced a significant challenge = they struggled to
- issue = problem
- in a community = within a state = internal
- sports facilities = spor olanakları / tesisleri
- overweight = aşırı şişman
- recreational facilities = eğlence tesisleri
- snack = atıştırma, abur cubur
- parents' encouragement = ailenin desteği (encourage'in isim hali)
- strict regulations = sıkı denetlemeler
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